## Connect a cold water line to the bottom of the condenser. Connect the top of the condenser (the outlet) to the inlet of vacuum line on the still. Connect a drain tube to the outlet of the vacuum line and place the other end of the tube in the sink.

## Degas the distilled water

- Open the inlet valve to the outer chamber and fill $3 / 4$ with distilled water - BE SURE THE HEATING COIL IS SUBMERGED
- Place a 150 mL Erlenmeyer flask under the end of the condenser
- Plug the heater into the Variac (variable power supply) and set to 85 V and switch on the Variac
- Heat the water for 5 minutes to boil off $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ in the water
- Switch off the Variac
- Empty the contents of the Erlenmeyer flask


## Distilling the Wine - Red or White

- Open the inlet valve to the inner chamber
- Turn on the water to the vacuum and rinse the inner chamber with distilled water
- Turn off the water to the vacuum and close the vacuum valve
- Pipette 10 mL of wine into the inner chamber
- Using a 10 mL graduated, add 5 ml of $3 \% \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ to the inner chamber
- Close the inlet valve to the inner and outer chambers
- Place a 150 mL Erlenmeyer flask under the end of the condenser
- Turn on the variable power supply and to 85 V
- Distill the wine until 100 ml of solution is collected in the Erlenmeyer flask at the end of the condenser
- After the 100 mL has been collected, turn OFF the variable power supply
- Turn on the water to the vacuum and rinse the inner chamber with distilled water
- Turn off the water to the vacuum and close the vacuum valve
- There should be enough distilled water to distill one more sample
***DO NOT ALLOW THE WATER LEVEL in the STILL to get at or BELOW the HEATING COIL***


## Quantifying the VA with 0.01 M NaOH

- Place two drops of phenolphthalein in the flask that contains the distillate
- Titrate the contents of the flask with 0.01 M NaOH solution and record the initial and final volumes of NaOH used
- Use the following equation to calculate the amount of VA in the wine:

$$
\mathrm{VA}(\mathrm{~g} / 100 \mathrm{~mL})=\mathrm{mL} \mathrm{NaOH} \times 0.06
$$

| Trial | Initial V | Final V | Total mL | VA |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1_{\text {white }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $2_{\text {white }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $1_{\text {red }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $2_{\text {red }}$ |  |  |  |  |

Each student - Using Google Docs to create and share with me a spreadsheet titled, CHM130VV-VA your FULL NAME. Use the spreadsheet to carry out all calculations. Do not simply type the numbers into the cells.

